ABSTRACT

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PROCEEDINGS

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CORPORATION,

FOR THE RELIEF OF THE

WIDOWS AND CHILDREN

OF

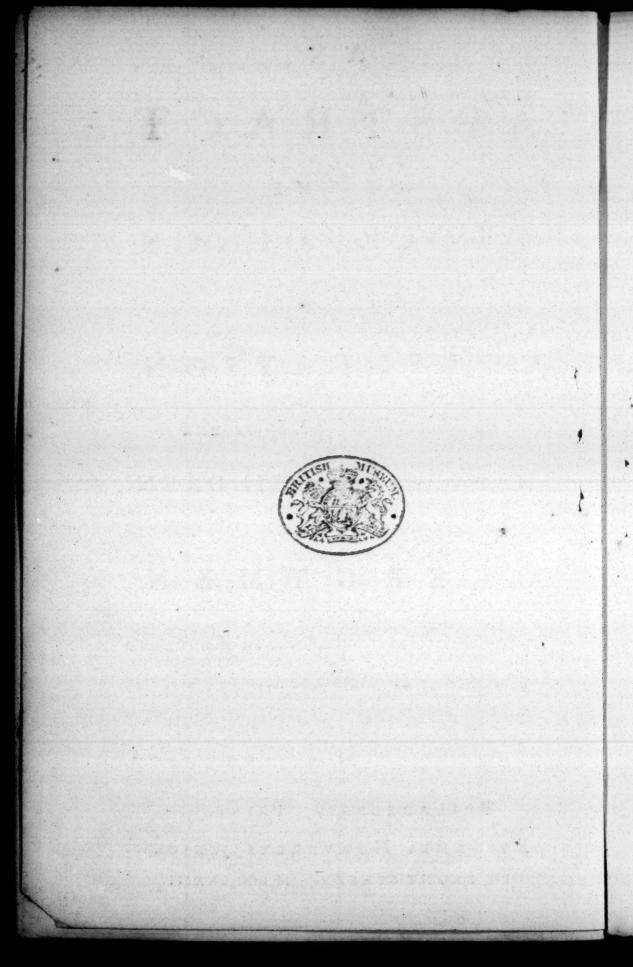
CLERGYMEN,

In the Communion of the Church of England
In America.

PHILADELPHIA, PRINTED:

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ABSTRACT

OF THE

PROCEEDINGS, &c.

The distressed circumstances, in which the episcopal clergy in the more northern previnces of British America (and especially the missionaries in the service of the society for the propagation of the gospel in foreign parts) have too frequently been obliged to leave their families, had long been matter of discouragement to many from entering into the ministry of our church, as well as of regret to many of her pious and worthy members.

At length, at a meeting of the clergy at Elizabeth Town, in New-Jersey, in October, 1767, a committee was appointed to frame some plan of provision for the widows and chil-

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dren of fuch of our clergy as should die in neceffitous circumstances; and, in pursuance of this appointment, the Revd. Dr. Smith, Provost of the college of Philadelphia, the Revd. Dr. AUCHMUTY, Rector of Trinity church. the Revd. Dr. Cooper, President of King's college, both of New-York, and the Revd. Mr. Cook, Missionary in Monmouth county, New- Fersey, met at Perth-Amboy, May 12, 1768, and framed a Plan; which, with some alterations, obtained the approbation of fundry fucceeding meetings of the clergy. A draught of a Charter was also agreed upon, and Charters foon afterwards passed in each of the three provinces of New-York, New Jersey and Pennfylvania, by which the Clergy, and a number of the most respectable Laity named with them, are created a body corporate, in which ever of these provinces they may meet, or have occasion to transact bufiness.

First MEETING, October, 1769, held in the Cities of Burlington and Philadelphia.

THE first meeting of the corporation, agreeable to charter, was convened at the city of Burlington in New-Jersey, October 4th, being the first Wednesday after the Feast of St. Michael, 1769; where most of the Clerical, and fundry of the Lay, members appeared. After having

having read and compared the feveral charters. and resolved on addresses of thanks to the different governors for having fo readily paffed them, a very kind and encouraging letter was read, from the venerable fociety for the propagation of the gospel in foreign parts; in answer to an humble application that had been made to them, for their countenance and affistance in carrying this defign into execution. In this letter, the fociety, " as a mark of their earnest desire to " forward fo benevolent an undertaking, charge 55 themselves with an annual contribution of "twenty pounds, sterling, to the scheme, for 66 each of the provinces of New-York, New-66 Ferfey and Pennsylvania; that is SIXTY 66 POUNDS, STERLING, per annum, in the " whole; for which they empower the Treafus' rer of this corporation for the relief of the Widows, &c. to draw annually on the Trea-66 furer to the fociety for the propagation of the " gospel, and to commence from the time of " obtaining the * charters."

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^{*} The charter granted in Pennsylvania, is dated February 7, 1769; that in New-Jersey March 29, and that in New-York September 29, both of the same year; and by a rule of the corporation the annual meetings are to be held by rotation, once in three years, in each of the three provinces.

Ar this meeting it was agreed, "That there should be a suitable Sermon preached annually before the Corporation; and that each Clerical Member should be prepared to preach in his turn, according to the order in which he is named in the charters." Sundry other Rules were proposed, but finding that a majority of the members could not conveniently be convened at Burlington, to enact them into Fundamental Laws, agreeable to the tenor of the charters, it was found necessary to adjourn to Philadelphia, without breaking up; and on Tuesday, October 10th, a majority being affembled, they proceeded to Christchurch, in that city, where a Sermon, fully explaining the defign of the charity, was preached by the Revd. Dr. Smith, and a handsome I collection was afterwards made at the church doors.

At this meeting, the corporation applied themselves, in the first place, to the consideration of the proposed laws; and the great attenti-

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[†] There was no previous notice given this year that a collection was to be made, and therefore what was received was only the charity of some well-disposed persons, given at the doors, as they went out of church. Yearly collections have since been made in the churches amounting to very generous sums, as may appear by the lists.

on paid to this necessary part of the business--the accuracy and care with which all the several articles were examined, digested, and corrected, especially by the Gentlemen of the Law,
deserve to be held continually in grateful remembrance by the Clergy. The Rules made
on this occasion, are as follow, viz.

FUNDAMENTAL LAWS AND REGU-LATIONS of the "Corporation for the Relief of the Widows and Children of Clergymen, in the Communion of the Church of England, in America."

LAWS relative to ANNUITIES, &c.

I. The E yearly contributions of the clergy, whose widows and children shall be hereby intitled to annuities, shall not be less than eight Spanish milled dollars, of the present current weight, namely, seventeen pennyweight and six grains, nor more than twenty-four such dollars, or the value thereof in current money of the province where each contributor lives.

II. No annuities shall be paid but to the widows and children of such clergymen as shall have been contributors to the fund; and the respective

respective annuities to be paid to the widows and children of such clergymen, shall be five times the sum of their annual contribution.

- III. In order to have a certainty, both as to the quantum, as well as the payment of the annual rates, each contributor shall abide by that rate or class which he first chooses: unless he shall change into another class, on such terms as to the corporation shall appear to be reasonable: And each contributor shall pay his annual contribution to the corporation, on or before the first Wednesday after the Feast of St. Michael, in every year, under the penalty of one penny in the pound, for every day's default: And if the faid penalty of one penny in the pound, together with the whole contributions due, shall not have been paid up during the life of the contributor, then his widow and children fhall receive only an annuity proportionable to the payments made by the husband or father.
- IV. EVERY yearly contributor, who shall marry oftner than once, shall pay one year's contribution extraordinary on every such marriage, as he makes the chance in general worse against the fund.
- V. If the husband or father of any person or persons, intituled to an annuity on this plan, shall

shall not have paid five annual contributions into the fund; then the widow and children shall only be intituled to ten per cent, per annum, for thirteen years, on the amount of the contributions paid by the deceased.

VI. Ir any contributor shall have paid for five years, or any number of years under sifteen, and exceeding five, the annuitants shall receive only half the annuity which belongs to the rate or class subscribed to by the deceased, until such time as the yearly deduction of half the annuity, added to five or more payments, made by the deceased (without computing interest) shall together make a sum in the sund, equal to the sum of sisteen annual payments in the rate or class to which such deceased contributor belonged; which partial annuities, payable agreeable to this article, shall be proportioned between the widow and children as hereafter fixed, in respect to full annuities, viz.

VII. Is there be no children, the widow of every contributor, if fewer than fifteen payments shall have been made by the deceased, shall receive the whole annual sum due by the last preceeding article; and if sisteen such payments shall have been made complete by the deceased, then the widow shall receive the whole annuity due on the husband's contribution dur-

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ing her widowhood; and if she marry again, she shall, from the time of such second marriage, receive only half such annuity during her natural life.

VIII. If there be a child, and no widow, fuch child shall be intituled to the whole or partial annuity for thirteen years, agreeable to the foregoing articles; but if there be more than one child, and no widow, the annuity, whether whole or partial, shall be equally divided among them, to be laid out, in case they are minors, in their education or apprenticeship, with the advice and approbation of such executors or guardians as the father may have nominated; and if none such shall have been nominated by the father, then in such manner for the benefit of the child or children, as the corporation shall direct.

IX. If there be a widow and one child, the annuity, whether whole or partial, shall be equally divided between them, under the limitations aforesaid: and if there be a widow, and two or more children, she shall have one third during her widowhood, or one sixth during her natural life, if she should marry a second time; and the remainder for thirteen years, shall be laid out for the use of the children as aforesaid.

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X. THE corporation may, if they think proper, with the confent of the annuitants, or of their guardians, if they be minors, pay the child or children of contributors such a sum in hand, as shall be equal to the annuity of such child or children, according to the number of years for which such annuity should be paid, deducting legal interest, and taking into the account the chances against the life of such child or children, for the term such annuity is to be paid.

XI. The corporation shall have power to increase the rates of annuities, as the state of the fund shall admit; and for that end, all benefactions that shall be made to this fund shall, for the term of ten years to come from this day, be put out to interest, on good land security, and the said interest annually collected, and again put out to interest, shall be appropriated as an augmentation of the capital stock, for the said term of ten years; and, after the expiration of the said term, the interest of all benefactions shall be equally divided among all the children of contributors, for the term that their annuities respectively shall continue payable, according to the foregoing articles.

LAWS relative to MEETINGS and BUSINESS.

I. A T every annual meeting, agreeable to the charter, there shall be one prefident, one or more treasurers, and one secretary chosen for the ensuing year; and if any of the faid officers should be absent from any meeting, the members met shall choose another to officiate in his flead, during that meeting. At any annual meeting, the members met as aforefaid, shall have power to elect such new members as they shall think fit, and likely to promote the good purposes of the charity; and all elections whatfoever, fhall be by ballot, and the majority of votes shall be sufficient for the election of the prefident, treasurer or treasurers, and fecretary; but no new member shall be admitted, unless four-fifths of the whole votes be in his favor.

II. THERE shall at each annual meeting be chosen a standing committee of six members, consisting of two out of each of the three provinces, who, together with the president, treasurer or treasurers, and secretary, shall direct and carry on the necessary correspondence of the corporation, and from time to time assist the treasurer or treasurers, in managing the

rents and estate of the corporation, and in putting out at interest the monies coming into the stock, either by the annual contributions of the clergy, or the occasional donations of benevolent persons, for which good land security shall be taken, at least to double the value of the monies lent, payable in Spanish milled dollars of the present current weight, namely, seventeen penny-weight and six grains each, or the value thereof in current money of the province where the loan is made.

III. THE annual meetings of the corporation, appointed by the charter, shall be alternately held in the provinces of New-York. New-Jerfey and Pennfylvania; and fix weeks previous notice of the time and places of all annual meetings, shall be given by the fecretary, in one or more of the public news-papers, published in New-York, and in Philadelphia. And if an occasional meeting of the corporation should be found at any time necessary, and the standing committee of business, to be appointed agreeable to the rules of the fociety, should apply in writing to the prefident of the corporation, to call fuch meeting at any particular place within the faid three provinces, the prefident shall call fuch occasional meeting at the place requested by the committee, giving such public notice thereof, by the fecretary, as is directed directed above. And at all such meetings, whether occasional or stated, any number of members met, not being less than sisteen, shall have power to make by-laws, and in general, shall have all the powers granted by charter to this corporation, other than the making, altering or repealing sundamental laws and regulations; provided always, that when any part of the stock of the corporation is to be disposed of, or any augmentation of annuities to be made, the same shall be expressed in the previous public notices hereby directed to be given of such meetings.

IV. The treasurer or treasurers, shall give such security to the corporation every year, or as often as thereto required, in such sum or sums as the corporation at any annual meeting may judge sufficient, for the faithful discharge of the trust reposed, and to be reposed, in him or them; and farther, he or they shall, at each annual meeting, exhibit his or their accounts to the corporation, for their inspection and approbation.

ALTHOUGH the foregoing laws and regulations were enacted upon as full and mature deliberation as the time would admit, yet, upon reconsidering them carefully the next day, when the number of members present was not sufficient

fufficient to authorize any alteration or amendment, fome things, relative to the payments to be made by those of the clergy whose widows and children were to be intitled to annuities. feeming to have been tacitly implied, which ought rather to have been fully expressed; in order therefore to prevent any future misapprehension of the fense of those articles, it was thought expedient, that an explanatory article should be added, to be agreed to and subscribed by all the clergy prefent, and, in future, by every clergyman who should become a contributor, in order to intitle his widow and children to an annuity from this fund, until fuch time as a majority of the members of the corporation -fhould again be met to give this explanatory -article fuch further fanction as might be thought necessary. In this explanatory article, the clergy declare their fense of the preceeding laws and regulations to be, that every clergyman, who shall become a contributor, in order that his widow and children may be intitled to an annuity at his decease, is to continue the payment of his yearly contribution during his life, and not to flop at the end of fifteen years; the whole calculation being on the principle of payments for life. And they further declare their fense of the articles to be, that if any clergyman should die in arrears of his annual payments, all his arrears, with the penalty of one penny in the

the pound per day, are to be deducted out of the annuity payable to the widow and children.

By the foregoing laws and regulations a plan was fettled for the management and disposition of a fund, that was partly to arise from the flated contributions of those whose families were to be intituled to relief and affiftance from it. These contributions of the clergy are considered as the annual favings of a strict and fevere economy, laid out in the purchase of small annuities, to be kept in referve for their wives and children, in case they should come to be widows and orphans. To fuch a fund, where the parties to be benefited by it, were themselves to exert their utmost ability towards its establishment, it could not be doubted that large additions would be made by the generofity and charity of the benevolent and tender-hearted: especially as the wants and distresses of those, who by this institution are to be relieved and affifted, could not fail to have been peculiarly interesting and affecting to persons of humanity and fenfibility.

AFTER passing the above laws, and doing some other necessary business, the corporation adjourned to meet at New-York the succeeding year.

Second MEETING, Tuesday, October 2d. 1770, held in the City of NEW-YORK.

The standing committee reported that they had, agreeable to the orders given them last year, transmitted addresses, in behalf of the corporation, to the Archbishops of Canterbury and York, and to the Bishop of London; and also a letter of thanks to the society for the propagation of the gospel, acknowledging their great goodness in the annual allowance of Sixty Pounds sterling, which they had made towards the fund.

The committee further reported that, in return to the address sent to the Lord Bishop of London, his Lordship had been pleased to defire them to "assure the corporation, that he should always be happy in giving them his advice and assistance---that they had his best wishes for the success of a scheme which reslects so much honor upon the promoters of it, and which seemed so well calculated to relieve the distresses of such objects, as more immediately call for their attention and compassion." His Lordship was surther pleased to accompany these his most benevolent wishes, with a kind benefaction of Twenty Pounds Sterling, towards the fund.

A LETTER to the Revd. Dr. Smith, from the Revd. Mr. Thomas Wharton, Rector of St. Michael's, in Bridgetown, Barbadoes, was read, fetting forth that he had been favoured with a copy of the Doctor's fermon, delivered the preceeding year, at the first meeting of the corporation, which Mr. Wharton was pleafed to fay, " carried with it fuch arguments as made him defirous of offering fomething more than empty praise to so meritorious a design, and that he proposed to set a collection on foot in the island of Barbadoes for the benefit of the charity."--- A committee was appointed to thank Mr. Wharton for this truly generous propofal, and to correspond with him and the other clergy of Barbadoes, on the subject.

It being thought proper that a Seal should be prepared for the corporation, Jacob Le Roy, Esq; generously offered Ten Guineas to be applied for procuring a proper seal; which offer was thankfully accepted.

WEDNESDAY, October 3d.

THE corporation proceeded to Trinity church, where the annual fermom was preached by the Revd. Dr. Auchmuty, Rector of that church, and a very large collection made in church for the benefit of the charity [for which, fee the lift of benefactions.] In the afternoon

of this day, the accounts of the feveral treafurers were fettled, and then the corporation adjourned to meet at Perth-Amboy the fucceeding year.

Third MEETING, October 2d, 1771, held in the City of PERTH-AMBOY.

The corporation being met, proceeded to St. Peter's church in this city, where the annual fermon was preached by the Revd. Dr. Chandler, Rector of St. John's church, Elizabeth-Town, New-Jerfey, and a liberal collection was made for the charity. The president reported that in answer to the address formerly fent to the Archbishop of Canterbury, his Grace requests the corporation to be affured that "he will, with pleasure, patronize and "promote their charitable undertaking to the "best of his power."

THURSDAY, Ottober 3d.

THE accounts of the several treasurers were settled, and then the corporation adjourned to meet in the city of Philadelphia the succeeding year.

Fourth MEETING October 6th, 1772, held in the City of Philadelphia.

A LETTER from Henry Duke, Efq; and the Revd. Mr. Thomas Wharton, to the Revd.

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Dr.

Dr. Smith, dated, Barbadoes, May 23d, 1772, was read as follows, viz.

Reverend SIR,

"We have a pleasure in remitting the collections in our island by the hands of Mr. Gilbert, for the use of the corporation for the
relief of the widows and children of clergymen in the communion of the church of
England in America, amounting to the
fum of ONE hundred and ninety pounds,
nine shillings and eight pence half-penny,
flerling---Some small sums remain uncollected of the subscriptions of our friends, which
we will endeavour to get in and send you by
the next convenient opportunity.

"IF our wishes could have met with ade"quate success, the amount would have been
"considerably larger. But when you call to
"mind the calamities which this island hath suf"fered from dreadful fires, and still labours
"under from unfavourable weather, we flatter
"ourselves we shall be thought in some degree
"to have shewn a friendly inclination towards
"our brethren in North-America, although
"our encouragement of your laudable scheme
"is not answerable to our own desires.

Signed, { HENRY DUKE. THOMAS WHARTON. To Revd. Dr. William Smith. THIS

This letter was accompanied with a lift of the benefactors, which was ordered to be entered in the books of the corporation; and published with the annual abstract. A letter was also ordered to be fent to Mr. Duke and Mr. Wharton, thanking them and the other worthy contributors for so liberal a benefaction.

The clerical members of the corporation were requested to take convenient opportunities in their respective parishes and congregations, both publickly and privately, to solicit benefactions and contributions to this charitable institution.

WEDNESDAY, October 7th.

THE fecurities to be given by the respective treasurers of the corporation, and the form of a bond for that purpose, were agreed upon; and the preaching of the annual sermon put off till to morrow, on account of the badness of the weather.

THURSDAY, October 8th.

THE corporation proceeded to Christchurch, and as the Revd. Dr. Cooper, President of King's college in New-York, whose turn it was to preach, could not attend; the annual sermon was preached by the Revd. Dr. Peters, Rector Rector of Christ-church and St. Peter's, Philadelphia, and a liberal collection made for the charity. After fermon, Mr. Hopkinson, one of the treasurers, acquainted the corporation that Richard Hockley, Esq; one of the members, had generously subscribed Five Pounds, per annum, Pennsylvania money, during his natural life, for the benefit of the fund; for which the corporation requested him to accept their sincere thanks; and then adjourned to meet the succeeding year in the city of New-York.

Fifth MEETING, Tuesday, October 5th, 1773. held in the City of NEW-YORK.

THE corporation being met proceeded to Trinity Church, and as the Revd. Mr. Reading, Missionary at Apoquiniminck in Pennsylvania, who had undertaken to preach the annual sermon, was prevented from attending, by a sudden and severe indisposition; the Revd. Dr. Peters, in this necessity, was pleased to preach the same sermon which he had preached (but not * printed) the former year at Philadelphia, and a handsome collection was made in church.

WEDNESDAY,

^{*} It was agreed at New-York, in October, 1770, that after the first fermon preached in each of the three provinces, no more should be printed at the expence of the charity.

WEDNESDAY, October 6th.

THE different treasurers are desired to be careful to exact the fines, which the laws inslict, on such clerical members as do not pay in their annual contributions, on or before the appointed day.

Governor Franklin, of New-Jersey, by the hands of the Revd. Dr. Chandler, having presented a paper which his Excellency had received from his father, Dr. Franklin, containing some remarks, drawn up at his desire, by Dr. Price of London, upon the fundamental laws of this corporation, particularly respecting the scheme of annuities; the same was read, and ordered to be inserted in the minutes, and published with the abstract of the proceedings, for the use of the members. Dr. Franklin and Dr. Price are also requested to accept the thanks of the corporation, for this mark of their attention. The paper is as follows.---

REMARKS on the Scheme of the Corporation for the Relief of the Widows and Children of Clergymen, in the Communion of the Church of England in America.

The Experience of twenty-feven years has proved that the widows of the minifiers in Scotland, live one with another twenty years

years in a state of widowhood. Let this be supposed to be the fact among the widows of clergymen in America; and let it be also supposed that all, who don't leave widows, leave children, who, by the scheme, will be entitled to an annuity for thirteen years.

THE consequence of these suppositions is, that at the death of every married clergymen an annuity will become due, payable for either twenty years, or for thirteen years.

TAKING widows and families of children together, let the annuity be supposed payable for fixteen years. As more widows will be left than families of children without widows, I reckon this a moderate supposition, after allowing for such families of children, as may become extinct before the expiration of thirteen years; and also for the payment of only half annuities for two or three years (by article 6th.) to the widows of such clergymen as have not made sisteen annual payments.---Should this supposition however be a year too much, or too little, no great difference will arise.

ACCORDING to these suppositions, the solution of the following question will determine whether this scheme is adequate or inadequate. What is the value to a person of a given age, in annual payments during life, the first payment being made immediately, of an annuity of one pound for sixteen years, payable after his death, provided he lives sour years, or so long as to make sive annual payments?

Answer. Find (by question tenth, in observations on reversionary payments, &c.) the value, in annual payments during the given life, of an annuity payable for ever, or of a perpetuity, after the failure of a life four years older than the given life. Diminish this value in the proportion of the value of the perpetuity to the value of an annuity for sixteen years, found in table second. And this reduced value, multiplied by the value of one pound to be received at the end of sour years, and also by the probability that the given life shall exist four years, (found in tables third, sourth, or sisth) will be the answer.

Supposing the given life thirty, and reckoning compound interest at sour and a half per
cent, the answer thus calculated will be very
nearly a quarter of a year's purchase---Supposing the age forty, the answer will be three tenths
of a year's purchase,---This supposes all the
clergy who marry, to leave, at their deaths,
either widows or families of children,---In
Scotland, for the last twenty-seven years, one

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in twenty-fix, of all the ministers who have been married, have died widowers without children. In the present case, let only one in twenty be supposed to die so circumstanced, and the consequence will be that the values just given ought to be lessened a twentieth part; or, that the annuity being one pound, the annual payment ought to be sour shillings and eight pence for the age of thirty, and sive shillings and eight pence for the age of forty.

FROM hence it follows that, taking all ages together, five shillings per annum for life, ought to be paid by every married member of such an establishment as that under consideration, for every annuity of one pound promised to his widow and children; or that the proportion of the annuity to the annual payment ought to be four to one, and not five to one as in this scheme.

I HAVE taken interest at four and a half per cent, because I suppose it possible in America to improve money perfectly at this rate of compound interest. If interest may be taken as high as fix per cent, the proportion in the scheme, of the annuity to the annual payment, will be nearly right.

I HAVE farther supposed, that no such extraordinary payment is made on a second marriage as is mentioned in article 4th. And that the meaning of article 9th is, that if there be a widow and one or more children, and the latter should all die before the end of thirteen years, the whole annuity shall be payable to the former, if then living and single. If this is not the *meaning of this article, a difference that seems improper will be made between the provision for a widow without children, and a widow with children.

I ALSO suppose the interest of all the money arising from benefactions, to go towards increasing equally annuities just adequate to the annual payments, and capable of being supported by them, without any aid from charitable benefactions.

BATCHELORS might, I think, be induced to encourage fuch a scheme as this, sby offering that, should they marry after becoming members, all the payments they had previously made, should entitle their widows and children to the same annuity, as if they had been married before they became members.

This is the best account I can give of this scheme on a general examination of it. A more minute and accurate examination might be made

^{*} THE meaning of the article is as Dr. Price underftands it.

[§] Ir was always intended that payments made by Batchelors before marriage should be thus taken intended the account.

made; but it would require some computations that would take up a good deal of time; and the result, I imagine, would not be very different."

AFTER reading the foregoing paper of remarks by Dr. Price, the corporation proceeded to finish their business; and, among other things --- Refolved, that any clerical member, whose turn it may be to preach the annual fermon, agreeable to the Rule of October, 1769, may have the privilege of engaging any other clerical member to preach in his stead; but he who thus fubflitutes another to preach for him fhall be confidered as having thereby given up his own turn; and moreover the person whose turn it is to preach shall, at least three months before the annual meeting, give notice to the president that he is to do the duty himself, or fend the name of the person whom he has engaged in his stead. And if he fails in this, the next in turn after him shall have notice from the president to be prepared, or to nominate another.

FRANCIS HOPKINSON, Esq; having declared it inconvenient for him to serve longer as one of the Treasurers of the corporation, they agreed to chuse another in his stead and returned him their thanks for his past faithful services.

THE Rev. Dr. Smith of Philadelphia, Dr. Chandler of Elizabeth-town, and Mr. Odell of Burlington,

Burlington, are appointed a committee to draw up and publish, within one month, an abstract of the proceedings of the corporation from its sirst institution, with a state of the funds and a list of the benefactions.—Any members who have any alterations or amendments to propose, relative to the fundamental laws or scheme of annuities, are desired to bring the same in writing to next meeting, which is to be held at Elizabeth Town in New-Jersey, the first Wednesday after the Feast of St. Michael, 1774.

We here insert a general account of the encouragement and assistance hitherto received by the corporation; who hereby return their sincere thanks for the same, to the generous and worthy contributors.

*BENEFACTIONS, SUBSCRIPTIONS, &c. for 1769 and 1770, viz.

To the Congregation of Christ-Church, Philadelphia, for their contribution made at the Church doors, at the first annual meeting of the corporation, October 10th, 1769,

To the Rev. Dr. Richard Peters, President of the corporation, for his kind benefaction of Two Hundred Pounds,

Carried over,

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^{*} The current money in these provinces being of different value, the several articles are reduced into the currency of New-Jersey and Pennsylvania, where a Spanish milled dollar of seventeen penny weight and six grains, passes for seven shillings and six-pence; but in New-York for eight shillings.

| Brought over, | D -1- | 0 | 6 |
|--|-------|----|---|
| To a Gentleman of Philadelphia, by the Rev. Mr. Cooke, | 10 | 0 | • |
| To a Gentleman, by the Rev. Dr. Smith, | - 6 | 0 | 0 |
| To a Lady, by the fame hand, | | 0 | |
| To a Gentleman, by the Rev. Dr. ? | | 0 | |
| To a Gentleman by the same hand, | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| To a Person unknown, by the Rev. } Dr. Peters, | | 15 | |
| To feveral Ladies, by the Rev. Mr. } | 14 | 8 | • |
| To Mrs. Jackson, by the Rev. Mr. | . 1 | 0 | o |
| To Mrs. Vanlear, by the fame hand, | - I | 6 | 0 |
| To the Lord Bishop of London, by the Rev. Dr. Peters, | | 0 | |
| To his Excellency Governor Franklin, by the Rev. Mr. Odell, | 10 | 0 | • |
| To the Congregation of St. Mary's Church, Burlington, by the fame hand, | 5 | 8 | 0 |
| To the Congregation of St. Andrew's Church, Mount-Holly, by the fame hand, | 2. | 5 | 9 |
| To the Hon. Sir William Johnson, Bart. by the Rev. Dr. Auchmuty, | 9 | 7 | 6 |
| To the Congregation of Trinity- Church New-York, for their gene- | | | |
| al meeting of the corporation, October 2d, 1770, | 140 | 11 | 3 |
| To a Person unknown, by the Rev.? | | | |
| Dr. Auchmuty, | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| To another Person, by the same hand, | - I | 17 | 6 |
| To a Lady unknown, by the Rev. ? Dr. Ogilvie, } | 3. | 0 | 0 |

Carried over, £. 491 13 6

| Brought over, | <i>f</i> . | 491 | 13 | 6 |
|---|------------|-----|----|---|
| To a military Gentleman, by the fame? | | 400 | .0 | |
| hand, 5 | | 3 | | |
| To another military Gentleman, by the fame hand, | | 3 | • | 0 |
| To another military Gentleman, by the fame hand, | | 1 | 17 | 6 |
| To a Gentleman unknown, by the Rev. Dr. Auchmuty, | | 2 | 16 | 3 |
| To a Lady, by Dr. Ogilvie, - | | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| To the Rev. Mr. Provooft, by the? | | | | |
| Rev. Dr. Auchmuty, | | 9 | 7 | 0 |
| To the Rev. Mr. Forbes, by the fame } | | 1 | 7 | 0 |
| To a Lady unknown, by the Rev. } Dr. Ogilvie, | | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| To a Gentleman unknown, by Rev. ? Dr. Auchmuty, | | 8 | 4 | 0 |
| To a Lady unknown, by the fame hand, | | 1 | 10 | 0 |
| To the Rev. Mr. Preston, by the? Rev. Dr. Chandler, | | 1 | 14 | 0 |
| To the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel, their annual Contribu- tion of Sixty Pounds Sterling, | | 97 | 0 | 7 |
| To Mr. William Hilton, by the Rev. } Dr. Chandler, | | 0 | 18 | 9 |
| Contributions of the Clergy of New- York, for 1770, | | 57 | 0 | 0 |
| Ditto, of the Clergy of Pennfylvania, | • | 47 | 0 | 0 |
| Ditto, of the Clergy of New-Jerfey, | | 39 | 0 | 0 |
| One year's Interest of Two Hundred | | | | |
| Pounds put out in Pennfylvania, by Francis Hopkinson, Esq; Treasurer to the Corporation for that Province. | | 12 | • | • |
| Fines exacted by Mr. Hopkinson, on Subscriptions not paid when due, agreeable to the third Law, | | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| | £. 7 | 84 | 11 | ı |

BENEFACTIONS, SUBSCRIPTIONS, &c.

for 1771.

| TO Colonel Henry Laurens of Charlestown, South-Carolina, by the Rev. Dr. Peters, | ₹• | 7 | 10 | • |
|--|----|---|----|---|
| To Mr. J. M. of Philadelphia, by the Rev. Dr. Smith, | | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| To Mrs. P** of Philadelphia, by the fame, | | 2 | | 0 |
| To Thomas Smith, Esq; of Charles- town, South-Carolina, by the same, | | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| To Benjamin Elliot, Efq; of the fame place, by the fame, | | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| To Robert Pringle, Esq; of the same place, by the same, | | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| To John Smyth, Efq; of Perth-Am- | | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| To Col. Armstrong of New-Castle, county, on Delaware, by the same, | | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| To John Morton, Efq; of Chester, in Pennsylvania, by the Rev. Mr. Craig | | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| To Mr. John Crosby, junr. of the same } place, by the same, | | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| To Henry Hale Graham, Esq; of the fame place, by the same, | | 1 | 5 | 9 |
| To the Congregation of St. Martin's, Chichester in Pennsylvania, by the fame, | | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| To Lord Dartry of the Kingdom of } Ireland, by Col. Fell, | | 5 | 2 | a |
| One year's Interest received by Mr. Hopkinson, on a Bond for One Hundred Pounds put out in Penn- sylvania, | | 6 | 6 | • |
| | - | | | - |

| Brought over, f. | 48 | 19 | I |
|--|-----|----|---|
| To the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel, for their annual Contri- bution of Sixty Pounds Sterling (Exchange this year at Sixty per Ct.) | | 0 | |
| One year's Interest received by Mr. Hopkinson, on a Bond for Two Hundred Pounds, | 12 | • | ٥ |
| To the Congregation of St. Peter's Church, Amboy, for their Contributions at the annual Meeting, 1771. | 30 | 3 | 2 |
| To two Persons unknown, by Cort-} land Skinner, Esquire, | 1 | 15 | 4 |
| One year's Interest on Fifty-seven Pounds, Sixteen shillings and Two- pence, Half-penny put out in New- Jersey, by the Rev. Dr. Chandler, Treasurer to the Corporation in that Province, | 4 | ٥ | 9 |
| One year's Interest on One Hundred and Eighty-seven Pounds, ten Shillings put out in New-York, by Jacob Le Roy, Esq; Treasurer to the Corporation for that Province, | 13 | 2 | 6 |
| Contributions of the Clergy in Penn- fylvania, for this Year, | 48 | 0 | 0 |
| Fines paid by Ditto, | 0 | 15 | 3 |
| York, for this Year, } | 30 | 0 | ٥ |
| Ditto of the Clergy of New-Jersey, | 39 | 0 | 0 |
| Sum Total for 1771, f. | 323 | 16 | 1 |

BENEFACTIONS,

BENEFACTIONS, SUBSCRIPTIONS, &c. for 1772.

BARBADOES COLLECTION.

THE particular Thanks of the Corporation are in the first place given this year to the worthy Inhabitants of Barbadoes, whose Names are in the following List; for their fundry Benefactions, transmitted by the Rev. Mr. Thomas Wharton, and Henry Duke, Esq; through the hands of the Rev. Dr. Smith, viz.

| Barbadoes | Cur | renc | y . |
|--|-----|------|-----|
| The hon. Abraham Cumberbatch, Efq; £. | 20 | 0 | 0 |
| The hon. Henry Frere, Efq; - | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| The hon. Conrade Adams, Efq; - | 7 | 10 | 0 |
| The hon. Gedney Clarke, Efq; | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| The Rev. and hon. Mr. Robert Brathwaite, | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| The hon. Sir John Gay Alleyne, Baronet, | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| The hon. Samfon Wood, Efq; | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| The hon. Hilary Rowe, fenr. Efq; - | I | 17 | 6 |
| The hon. Hilary Rowe, junr. Efq; - | I | 17 | 6 |
| The hon. Samuel Wallcot, Efq; | 3 | 15 | 0 |
| Henry Duke, Efq; | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| John Wheeler Ridgway, Efq; | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| Philip Lovell, Efq; | 2 | 10 | 0 |
| John Burke, Efq; | 2 | 10 | 0 |
| William Gibbes Alleyne, Efq; - | 2 | 10 | 0 |
| Joseph Miller, Efq; | I | 17 | 6 |
| Edward Pare, Efq: | I | 17 | 9 |
| Thomas Best, Esq; | 6 | 5 | 0 |
| Henry Walker, Efq; | 3 | 15 | 0 |
| Thomas Payne, Efq; | I | 17 | 6 |
| William Haggat, Efq; | 1 | 17 | 6 |
| The Rev. Mr. Edward Brace, | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| The Rev. Mr. William Duke, | 5 | | 0 |
| and Review William Duke, | 5 | 0 | 0 |

Carried over,

£. 120 00 3

| Rarhadoes | Cu | rren | CV | | |
|---|----|------|----------------|--|--|
| Brought over, f. 120 00 3 | | | | | |
| The Rev. Mr. Robert Boucher, | 5 | 0 | 3 | | |
| The Rev. Mr. Thomas Wharton, | 5 | 0 | 0 | | |
| The Rev. Mr. William Terrill, - | 5 | 0 | 0 | | |
| The Rev. Mr. Thomas Duke, - | 5 | 0 | 0 | | |
| The Rev. Mr. James Butcher, - | 5 | 0 | 0 | | |
| The Rev. Mr. Joseph Hebson, - | 5 | 0 | 0 | | |
| The Rev. Mr. Richard Saer, - | 3 | 15 | 0 | | |
| The Rev. Mr. Michael Mashart, - | 2 | 10 | 0 | | |
| William Moore, Efq; Attorney-General, | 3 | 15 | 0 | | |
| Timothy Blenman, Efq; | 5 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Samuel Moore, Efq; | 3 | 15 | 0 | | |
| Dr. Thomas Pollard, | 5 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Henry Armell Pollard, Efq; | I | 17 | 6 | | |
| George Errington, Efq; | 2 | 10 | 0 | | |
| Thomas Hetherfall, Efq; | 2 | 10 | 0 | | |
| Joseph Mosely, Esq; | I | 17 | 6 | | |
| Robert Beckles, Efq; | 1 | 17 | 6 | | |
| Mrs. Catherine Cox, | I | 17 | 6 | | |
| Benjamin Bostock, Esq; byRev.Mr. Morrison, | 3 | 15 | 0 | | |
| George James, Efq; by the fame, - | 1 | 17 | 6 | | |
| John Freke, Efq; by the fame, - | 1 | 17 | 6 | | |
| A Person unknown, by Rev. Mr. Wharton, | 1 | 17 | 6 | | |
| A Person unknown, by Rev. Mr. Hebson, | 1 | 17 | 6 | | |
| The neat Profits of a benefit Represen- | 52 | 15 | 10 | | |
| tation, entitled " Columbus," - 5 | | | | | |
| Total, f. 2. | 19 | 15 | CI | | |
| Deduct what was paid for Advertife-? | 2 | , | , | | |
| ments, &c. | | 3 | 3 | | |
| Remains, f. 2 | 47 | 12 | 7 | | |
| The above Sum of f. 247 12 7 is] | • | | | | |
| equal to f. 190 9 8 Sterling, | | | | | |
| which was remitted in a sterling \ \(\mathbb{L} \cdot 3 \) | 0+ | 15 | 6 | | |
| Bill, and produced in Pennfylvania Money, | | | | | |
| E 2 Carried | 0 | Yer, | | | |
| | | | La Laboratoria | | |

| Brought over, To Rev. Dr. Smith, for the Consi- | £. | 304 | 15 | 6 |
|---|----|-----|----|----|
| deration paid to him by Mr. John Dunlap, for the Privilege of printing the Poems of the Rev. Nathaniel Evans, A. M. deceased, late Miffionary for Gloucester County, in New-Jersey. | | 20 | ۰ | 0 |
| To Henry Zachary Smith, Efq; of Barbadoes, | | 7 | 12 | 7 |
| To a Lady unknown, by Daniel Coxe, Efquire, | | 3 | • | 0. |
| To Thomas Coombe, Efq; by the Rev. } Mr. Coombe, | | 1 | 14 | • |
| To Mr. Joseph Wharton, by the same, | • | 1 | 14 | 0 |
| To Edward Biddle, Efq; by Mr. } | | 3 | 0 | 0. |
| To Mr. Thomas Asheton, by the same, | • | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| To fundry Perfons unknown, by the Rev. Mr. Dashe, | | 11 | 2 | 0 |
| To Dr. Benjamin Ruck, by the Rev. Mr. Coombe, | | 1 | 14 | 0. |
| To Isaac Hunt, Esq; by the same, - | • | 1 | 14 | • |
| To the Congregation of Christ-Church Philadelphia, for their generous Contribution, made at the annual Meeting of the Corporation, Octo- ber 8th, 1772, | | 120 | 3 | 4 |
| To the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel, their annual Contribu- tion of Sixty Pounds Sterling, Ex- change at Fifty-seven and a half per Cent. | | 94 | 10 | • |
| on a Bond for One Hundred Pounds put out in Pennfylvania, | | 6 | • | • |
| Interest received by Mr. Le Roy, on fundry Sums put out in New-York, | | 18 | 14 | 1 |
| To Thomas Bartow, Esq; by the Rev. } Dr. Chandler, | | 3 | 0 | • |
| Carried over, | £. | 599 | 13 | 6 |

| Brought over, | £. | 599 | 13 | 6 |
|---|----|-----|----|---|
| To a Person unknown, by the same, | ٦. | | 8 | |
| To William Pigeon, Esq; by the Rev. } Mr. Thompson, | | | 0 | |
| To Joshua Lawrence, Esq; by the same, | • | 3 | 0 | • |
| Interest received by the Rev. Dr. Chandler, on One Hundred and Twenty-one Pounds, Seventeen and Six-pence, put out in New-Jersey, | | 8 | 10 | 6 |
| Contributions of the Clergy of Penn- fylvania, 1772, | | 57 | • | • |
| Fines paid by Ditto, | - | 1 | 12 | 4 |
| Contributions of the Clergy of New- } | | | 0 | |
| Ditto of the Clergy of New-Jerfey, | • | 30 | 0 | 0 |
| Sum Total for 1772, | £. | 751 | 4 | 9 |

BENEFACTIONS, SUBSCRIPTIONS, &c. for 1773.

| O John Dickinson, Esq; of Pennsylvania, by the Rev. Dr. | 13 | 10 | ٠ |
|---|----|----|----|
| To Alexander Ross, Esq; of Jamaica, by the same, | 6 | • | œ |
| To Thomas Lynch, Efq; of South- } Carolina, by the fame, - | 8 | 10 | ٥ |
| To a Lady unknown, by the Rev. Dr. ? Ogilvie, | 4 | 13 | 9. |
| To a Gentleman, by the fame, | 3 | 0 | 11 |
| To another Gentleman, by the same, To the Congregation of Trinity) | 1 | 5 | 3 |
| Church, New-York, for their generous contribution made at the annual Meeting of the Corporation, October 5th, 1773. | 92 | 16 | 8 |

Carried over, £. 129 16 7

| Brought over, | £. | 129 | 16 | 7 |
|--|------|-----|----|----|
| To the Society for the Propagation | | | | |
| of the Gospel, for their annual | | 101 | 5 | • |
| Contribution of Sixty Pounds Ster- | | | | |
| To an Officer, by Dr. Ogilvie, | | | | |
| To Jacob Le Roy, Esq; for Ten Gui-) | | 4 | 13 | 7 |
| neas to purchase a Seal for the Cor- | | 17 | 0 | 0 |
| poration, S | | ., | ŭ | • |
| Interest Money receiv'd by Jacob Le) | | | | |
| Roy, Efq; on fundry Sums put out | | 18 | 5 | 2 |
| in New-York,) | | | | |
| To the Rev. Mr. Sayre's Congregati- ? | | 2 | 10 | - |
| on, for their Benefaction, - 5 | | | 10 | , |
| Interest Money received by Francis) | | | | |
| Hopkinson, Esq; on fundry Sums | | 48 | 12 | 0 |
| put out in Pennfylvania, | | | | |
| To Richard Hockley, Efq; for his an- | | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| 생긴 내용하다 보기를 내려가 되었다. 그렇게 되었다고 하는 것 같아. | | | | |
| Samuel Powel, Esq. Treasurer for | | 26 | 2 | |
| Pennfylvania, | | 30 | • | 4 |
| Subscriptions of the Clergy of New-? | | | | |
| York, 1773, | | 110 | 12 | 6 |
| Ditto of the Clergy of New-Jerfey, | • | 33 | 0 | 0 |
| Ditto of the Clergy of Pennfylvania, - | | | 10 | 0 |
| A Fine for Default, | | | 4 | |
| To the hon. James Hamilton, Efq; for | | | | |
| his Benefaction, by the Hands of | | 20 | 0 | • |
| Rev. Dr. Peters. | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Sum Total for 1773, | Ŧ. | 591 | 11 | II |
| C 1772 | ſ. | 751 | 1 | 0 |
| To which add for - 3 1771, | T. | 323 | 16 | 1 |
| To which add for - \[\begin{cases} 1772, \\ 1771, \\ 1770, \ 1769, \end{cases} \] | - | 784 | 11 | 1 |
| | - | | | |
| | | | | |
| Total amount of Benefactions? | ſ. 2 | 451 | 3 | 10 |
| and Subscriptions, - 5 | | ,,- | 3 | |

| Whereof Jacob Le Roy, Efq; Trea- furer for New-York, has } | £.788 | 0 | 5 |
|---|--------|----|---|
| Ditto Rev. Dr. Chandler, Treasurer for New-Jersey, has | | | |
| Ditto Samuel Powel, Efq; Treasurer } for Pennsylvania, has | | | |
| Total Stock, December 30, 1773, | . 2345 | 17 | 8 |

Balance expended by the fundry Treasurers, in paying the Accounts of Printers, &c.—viz.—

Add to the Expences for 1773, £.1 13 6

Stock and Expences, f. 2451 3 10

Additional Rule, made October 3d, 1771, respecting the Treasurers.

The feveral Treasurers shall correspond with each other, in order that monies may be occasionally transferred from one to another, for the putting the same more readily out to interest; and upon such transfers, the Receipt of one Treasurer shall be a sufficient discharge to another.

A LIST of the CLERGYMEN who are annual Contributors, with the Classes in which they subscribe, and the Times from which their first Payments commenced; taken from the Book of Minutes, p. 22, &c. the new Contributors being inserted according to their Classes.

| Dol. | £. | Commencing. | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------|---------------|--|--|
| TATILLIAM Smith, D. D. 24 | 9 | 1 | | |
| VV Samuel Auchmuty, D.D. 24 | 9 | | | |
| Miles Cooper, L. L. D 24 | 9 | | | |
| John Ogilvie, D. D 24 | 9 | Octo. 1770. | | |
| Charles Inglis, A. M 24 | 9 | | | |
| Jacob Duchè, A. M 24 | 9 | | | |
| Leonard Cutting, A. M 24 | 9 |) | | |
| Thomas Coombe, A. M 24 | 9 | 2000 | | |
| William White, A. M 24 | 9 | } Octo. 1773. | | |
| Samuel Magaw, A. M 20 | 7 10 | ין י | | |
| John Andrews, A. M 20 | 7 10 | | | |
| Thos. Bradbury Chandler, D. D. 16 | 6 | | | |
| Richard Charlton, A. M 16 | 6 | | | |
| Jonathan Odell, A. M 16 | 6 | Osto. 1770. | | |
| Samuel Seabury, A. M 16 | 6 | | | |
| Rev. William Frazer, 16 | 6 | | | |
| John Sayre, A. M 16 | 6 | 1. | | |
| Rev. William Stringer, - 16 | 6 | Octo. 1773. | | |
| Samuel Cooke, A. M 12 | 4 10 | | | |
| Philip Reading, A. M 8 | 3 | | | |
| William Currie, A. M 8 | 3 | | | |
| George Craig, A. M 8 | 3 | | | |
| Thomas Barton, A. M 8 | 3 | | | |
| Alexander Murray, A. M 8 | 3 | Octo. 1770. | | |
| William Thompson, A. M 8 | 3 | | | |
| Abraham Beach, A. M 8 | 3 | | | |
| Rev. William Ayers, 8 | 3 3 3 | | | |
| John Beardsley, A. M 8 | 3 | | | |
| John Preston, A. M 8 | 3 | J | | |
| Rev. Harry Munro 8 | 3 | Octo. 1771. | | |
| Rev. Mr. Blackwell, 8 | 3 | Octo. 1773. | | |
| Total, 476 | 178 | 10 | | |
| LIST | | | | |
| | | TO TO T | | |

LIST OF THE MEMBERS.

II IS Excellency William Tryon, Efq; Governor of New-York.

His Excellency William Franklin, Efq; Governor of New-Jerfey.

The Honorable John Penn, Esq; one of the Proprietaries, and Governor of Pennsylvania.

The Honorable Cadwalader Colden, Efq; Lieutenant Governor of New-York.

A

The Honorable Charles Ward Apthorp, Esquire.
The Honorable William Axtel, Esquire.
Samuel Auchmuty, D. D.
John Andrews, M. A.
William Atlee, Esquire.
Ephraim Avery, M. A.
Rev. William Ayres.

B

Goldsbrow Banyer, Esquire. Thomas Barton, M. A. Abraham Beach, M. A. John Beardsley, M. A. Edward Biddle, Esquire. Robert Blackwell, M. A. Joshua Bloomer, M. A. Isaac Browne, M. A.

C

The Honorable Henry Cruger, Efquire.
The Honorable Benjamin Chew, Efquire.
The Honorable Daniel Coxe, Efquire.
Thomas Bradbury Chandler, D. D.

Richard

Myles Cooper, L. L. D.
Richard Charlton, M. A.
Samuel Cooke, M. A.
Thomas Coombe, M. A.
James Van Cortlandt, Efquire.
George Craig, M. A.
William Currie, M. A.
Leonard Cutting, M. A.

D

James De Lancey, Esquire. Elias Desbrosses, Esquire. James Duane, Esquire. Jacob Duchè, M. A.

F

John Foxcroft, Efquire. Rev. William Frazer.

G

Joseph Galloway, Esquire.

H

The Honourable James Hamilton, Esquire. Richard Hockley, Esquire. Francis Hopkinson, Esquire.

I

The Honourable Sir William Johnson, Bart. Charles Inglis, M. A. Samuel Johnson, Esquire.

K

The Honourable Peter Kemble, Esquire. John Tabor Kempe, Esquire. Benjamin Kissam, Esquire. Ebenezer Kneeland, M. A.

L

The Honourable John Lawrence, Esquire.
The Honourable Lynford Lardner, Esquire.
The Honourable George Duncan Ludlow, Esquire.
Jacob Le Roy, Esquire.
John Livingston, Esquire.
John Lyon, M. A.

M

The Honourable Roger Morris, Esquire. Samuel Magaw, M. A. Rev. Henry Muhlenberg. Rev. Henry Munro. Alexander Murray, M. A.

0

John Ogilvie, D. D. Jonathan Odell, M. A.

P

The Honourable Richard Penn, Esquire.
The Honourable James Parker, Esquire.
Richard Peters, D. D.
Richard Peters, junior, Esquire.
Frederick Philips, Esquire.
Samuel Powel, Esquire.
John Preston, M. A.
Samuel Provost, M. A.

R

The Honourable Charles Read, Esquire. Philip Reading, M. A. John Ross, Esquire.

S

The Right Honourable William Lord Sterlings The Honourable Samuel Smith, Efquires

The Honourable Frederick Smyth, Esquire.
The Honourable Edward Shippen, Esquire.
William Smith, D. D.
Cortland Skinner, Esquire.
John Sayre, M. A.
Samuel Seabury, M. A.
Alexander Stedman, Esquire.
Rev. William Stringer.
Nicholas Stuyvesant, Esquire.
John Swift, Esquire.

T

The Honourable James Tilghman, Esquire. William Thompson, M. A.

W

The Honourable John Watts, Esquire.
Jacob Walton, Esquire.
William White, M. A.
Isaac Willet, Esquire.
Thomas Willing, Esquire.

A LIST OF THE OFFICERS

OF THE CORPORATION, CHOSEN OCTOBER 1773.

PRESIDENT. RICHARD PETERS, D. D.

TREASURERS.

JACOB LE ROY, Esquire, for New-York.

SAMUEL POWEL, Esquire, for Pennsylvania.

THOMAS B. CHANDLER, D. D. for New-Jersey.

STANDING COMMITTEE.

IN NEW-YORK.

The Honourable John Watts, Esquire. Charles Inglis, M. A.

IN NEW-JERSEY.
The Honourable James Parker, Esquire.
Cortland Skinner, Esquire.

IN PENNSYLVANIA.
WILLIAM SMITH, D. D.
RICHARD PETERS, junior, Esquire.

SECRETARY.
JONATHAN ODELL, M. A.

THE FORM OF A LEGACY

To the Corporation for the Relief of the Widows and Children of Clergymen in the Communion of the Church of England in America.

ITEM. IGIVE to the "Corporation for the Relief of the Widows and Children of Clergymen in the Communion of the Church of England in America," the Sum of to be raifed and paid, by and out of all my ready Money, Plate, Goods, and personal Effects, which by Law I can or may charge with the Payment of the same (and not out of any Part of my Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments) and to be applied towards carrying on the charitable Purposes expressed in the Charters granted to the said Corporation, in the Provinces of New-York, New-Jersey, and Pennsylvania, in America.

N. B. It will be necessary to observe the above Form in any Legacy in Great-Britain and Ireland; but in the Colonies, a Legacy in Lands, or in Money payable out of the Sale or Rent of Lands, will be valid; and then the Form may be thus—

ITEM. I give to the "Corporation for the Relief of the Widows and Children of Clergymen in the Communion of the Church of England in America," and to their Successors for ever,

Acres of Land, fituated, lying and being in [here deficibe the Lands] or, if it is Money payable out of Lands, the form may be thus—

ITEM. I give to the Corporation, [using the Charter Stile as before] the Sum of to be paid within after my Decease, out of all my Effects, Goods and Estate whatsoever, whether real or personal, and to be applied towards carrying on the charitable Purposes expressed in the Charters granted to the said Corporation, in the Provinces of New-York, New-Jersey, and Pennsylvania.

† A BENEFACTION to the Corporation may be fent to either of the Treasuries, or other Officers, mentioned in the List of Officers for the present Year.

By the Charters, this Corporation is enabled to "take, hold and transmit to their successors, lands, tenements, rents, &c. to the yearly value of one Thousand Pounds Sterling, and in like manner to take, hold and transmit in goods, chattels, monies and effects, a capital not exceeding Twenty Thousand Pounds Sterling in each of the three provinces."

"THE Accounts and Transactions of the Corporation, legally and properly vouched and authenticated, are, from time to time, and as often as demanded, to be laid before the Lords Archbishops of Canterbury and York, and the Bishop of London for the time being, or such person or persons as they may from time to time appoint

for that purpose in America, in order to be by them ratissed and confirmed, or subjected to such revisal, check and confirmation, as may be thought just and reasonable."

THE foregoing abstract and state of the accounts, are therefore drawn up in pursuance of the directions contained in this last clause of the Charters; and also for the satisfaction of the worthy Contributors, and of all other humane and pious persons.

Dec. 10th, 1773.

By ORDER of the CORPORATION,

WILLIAM SMITH,
THOMAS B. CHANDLER,
JONATHAN ODELL,
Committee.

POSTCRIPT.

W E now beg leave to fill up the remaining pages of this sheet with a few extracts, from the three sermons which have been published in recommendation of this Charitable Undertaking. From the first of these sermons, the extracts will be somewhat larger, as the occasion then required a more particular explanation of the design; which is thus introduced—

"JESUS CHRIST conflituted Love as the grand criterion, whereby all who should profess his name, might be truly known as his. CHARITY, therefore, in the Gospel-sense, is justly stiled a New-Law; as founded, not in a mere regard to Almighty justice, or fear of Almighty judgment; but in a heart that is cast into the very mold of Love itself—in a temper that is angelic, nay, even seraphic, godlike; and already so raised above this world, as to be daily ripening for the next."

"To those, therefore, who have this just conception of Gospel-Charity, and have the true Love of God, and of mankind, reigning in their hearts, little need be said on the present occasion. For if all acts of love and beneficence, so far as our abilities and opportunities reach, be branches of this heavenly virtue, we have the authority of Scripture to say—That the cause of the Fatherless and Widows claims a special and primary regard."

"EVEN under the Law it was commanded that—" When thou cuttest down thine harvest, and hast forgotten a sheaf in the sield, thou shalt not go to setch
it—When thou beatest thine olive tree, thou shalt not
go over the boughs again—When thou gatherest the
grapes of thy vineyard, thou shalt not glean it afterwards—it shall be for the STRANGER, the FATHERLESS and the WIDOW."

"And, in the New Testament, all true religion, as has been said, is placed in a heart that is set loose to the things of this world, and is breathing the dictates of Humanity and Love—"Pure religion, and undefiled before God and the Father is this—To visit the FATHERLESS and Widows in their affliction, and to keep ourselves unfootted from the world."—

"EVEN a story of feigned Distress, prevailed on David, at a time when he resisted the calls of his own natural affections—because it came from a Widow, as pleading for her only son—"Help O King! I am in"deed a Widow-Woman and my husband is dead"—and if this son be lost, "my coal which is alive will be "quenched, and neither name nor remainder be lest to "my husband on earth." Surely then the voice of real Distress will be more powerful—the voice of Widows indeed!

irdeed! not pleading, like Her of Tekoah, for lives forfeited to the law; but for themselves and their children—for the names and remainders of our own clergy—of men who have once been our friends in life—who have administered to us heavenly counsel and sweet comfort in Christ Jesus, and who perhaps have often opened our fouls to flow in those godlike streams of Charity to others, wherewith these helpless Remainders of themselves now need to be relieved and refreshed at our hands."

"IT is well known that the chief support of the Clergy of the church England, in these northern colonies, depends on the bounty of our fellow-members of the churchin Great-Britain; and the venerable Society, who have the diffribution of this bounty, will be more and more obliged to retrench their allowance, that, like faithful Stewards, they may be able to reach out their helpinghand to the numerous petitioners for new missions, in these daily growing colonies—The additional support which our Clergy receive from their congregations is generally fmall, often precarious, decreafing fometimes in nominal, and always in real, value; from the growing expence of the necessaries of life. Decency, a regard to character, to their own usefulness, to the credit of religion, and even your credit among whom they minister, require them to maintain some fort of figure in their families, above those in common business; while certain it is that, after all the expences of their education, any fober and reputable tradefman can turn his industry to more account than theirs."

"THESE things are not mentioned as matters of complaint, being often of necessity in many places; and it is hoped the clergy will never make their calculations

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Master's service—looking forward to the Recompence of Reward. Yet what is here mentioned, shews the propriety of the design before us; namely, the making some provision for their destitute Widows and Children—For the clergy, by strict economy and good example, may in their life time give their children a good education, and cherish in them the hopes of future usefulness—yet often, amid these fond presages of the heart, the father, perhaps in his prime of years, is called from this world—The prop of a whole family is no more! On his life, under God, was their whole dependence even for daily bread! His death leaves them destitute—destitute alas! not of bread only, but even of council and protection upon earth!"

"FATAL reverse! Ah! Little do the world in general, and especially they who bask in the easy sun-shine of affluence and prosperity—little do they know the various complicated scenes of private anguish and distress!"

"To be FATHERS, then, to fuch FATHERLESS CHILDREN as these, to take them by the hand, and lead them forth, through the snares of the world, unto some public usefulness in life, that the name and memorial of our dear brethren and faithful pastors deceased, may not be wholly lost upon earth—to do this, and give some gleams of comfort to the afflicted Widows and Mothers that survive—must surely be one of the highest delights of a benevolent mind; and this is the glorious object of the Charity before us! Blessed, therefore, be all they in this world and the next, into whose hearts God shall put it, to assist in so benevolent a design"—

In like manner, the author of the fecond fermon ob-

ferves concerning the Clergy in these northern colonies that "many who serve at the altar, cannot live by the altar"—Their Widows he considers in the situation of that "woman of the wives of the sons of the prophets who cried unto Elisha saying—Thy ser"vant my husband is dead, and thou knowest that thy servant did fear the Lord, and the creditor is come to take unto him my two sons to be bonds-men."—

To be employed, says he, in relieving such distress as this " is a work upon which the whole heavenly hierarchy will look down with joy—nay, the great Jehovah himself views with pleasure such good-will towards men—he sees—he approves—he records our labour of love! Every mite we bestow is noted in his book—and when all other pleasures shall cease; when every gratification in which we now delight shall grow tasteless and insipid; when we shall stand upon the verge of eternity; then Charity will be found a valuable treasure—even a resuge and consolation laid up against the day of nature's great distress! Blessed! for ever blessed shall the merciful then be, for they shall obtain mercy!"

The author of the third fermon enforces the great daty "of doing good unto all men, especially unto them which are of the houshold of faith." And to what had been said, on the former occasions, concerning the preparation and study necessary for undertaking the ministerial office, he adds——" And when we are ready to offer ourselves for this service, which must be at an age when men may have been long settled in any other employment, there is still a heavy load of expence (to whose reproach shall it be spoken? for a reproach it certainly is) to be sustained in a voyage to a distant quarter

quarter of the globe for ordination. This last expence, and the perils attending it, are hardfhips peculiar to the candidates of our Church in the colonies; and not to be paralleled in any other christian fociety!" Besides these discouragements which beset the entrance into our ministry, the Clergy labour generally during their whole lives under the further discouragements already mentioned, from the finallness and precariousness of their livings; fo that " imagination can hardly picture to itself scenes of deeper distress than, after their decease, are sometimes to be found in their familiesbereaved of their support-deprived of their habitations -turned abroad to the world, wounded and half-dead -even more the objects of pity than the traveller bound from Jerusalem to Jericho-and their condition such as would move the compassion of a Samaritan himself! Surely, then, it must move the tender heart of a true Christian, and none such will pass by on the other side!"

20 JY 63

FINIS.

